

表面に働く静的力に依る有層半無限 弾性體の歪に就て (第一報)

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半無限弾性體の歪に關する研究は J. Boussinesq 以後多くの人に依つてなされて來て居る。靜的力が等方半無限弾性體の表面に作用する一般の場合は 1935 年本多, 三浦兩氏⁽¹⁾のものがあり, 有層半無限弾性體の表面荷重に依る歪の研究は工學の見地から數値積分を用ひて計算をした松村孫治氏⁽²⁾の研究がある。その後層が極めて薄いとて計算をなしたものに西村源六郎氏⁽³⁾及澤田龍吉氏⁽⁴⁾の研究と, 又下層が剛體とした場合の同じ澤田龍吉氏の研究がある。

著者は有層半無限弾性體の表面に靜的力が働く一般の場合に就て計算をなした。

1. 圓塲座標に依る弾性體の平衡方程式の解

圓塲座標に於て r, θ, z 方向の變位を u_r, u_θ, u_z とすると, 平衡方程式は

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 u_r}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial^2 u_r}{\partial z^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \left(u_r - \frac{\partial^2 u_r}{\partial \theta^2} \right) - \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} &= -\frac{\lambda + \mu}{\mu} \frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial r}, \\ \frac{\partial^2 u_\theta}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial^2 u_\theta}{\partial z^2} - \frac{1}{r^2} \left(u_\theta - \frac{\partial^2 u_\theta}{\partial \theta^2} \right) + \frac{2}{r^2} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} &= -\frac{\lambda + \mu}{\mu} \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial \theta}, \\ \frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial z^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u_z}{\partial \theta^2} &= -\frac{\lambda + \mu}{\mu} \frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial z}. \end{aligned} \right\} \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

こゝに z は下向を正に取る, λ, μ はラーメの常數で, Δ は次の式を満足する體積伸張である。

$$\frac{\partial^2 \Delta}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 \Delta}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \Delta}{\partial z^2} = 0 \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

この方程式の解は寺澤博士⁽⁵⁾が解いて居られる如く, 次の様になる。

$\Delta = (P_{1m} e^{-kz} + P'_{1m} e^{kz}) J_m(kr) \cos m\theta$ の場合

$$\left. \begin{aligned} u_r = \left[\left\{ \left(\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2} P_{1m} z - Q_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(-\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} P'_{1m} z - Q'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right\} J'_m(kr) \right. \\ \left. + (R_{1m} e^{-kz} + R'_{1m} e^{kz}) \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right] \cos m\theta, \end{aligned} \right\}$$

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- 1) H. Honda and T. Miura; Geo. Mag. Vol. IX 1935.
- 2) M. Matsumura; Jour. Civil. Eng. Soc. Tokyo 17 (1931) No. 11.
- 3) G. Nisimura; 震研彙報, 第 10 號, 第 1 册, 1932.
- 4) 澤田龍吉; 氣象集誌, 第 2 輯, 第 15 卷第 9 號, 第 16 卷第 1 號.
- 5) K. Terazawa; Journ. Coll. Sci. Imp. Uni. Tokyo Vol. 37 (1916)

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 u_\theta &= \left[\left\{ \left(-\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} P_{1m} z + Q_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} P'_{1m} z + Q'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right\} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - (R_{1m} e^{-kz} + R'_{1m} e^{kz}) J'_m(kr) \right] \sin m\theta, \\
 u_z &= - \left\{ \left(\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} P_{1m} z - S_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} P'_{1m} z - S'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right\} J_m(kr) \cos m\theta \\
 &\quad \frac{\lambda + 3\mu}{2\mu} P_{1m} = k(Q_{1m} - S_{1m}), \quad \frac{\lambda + 3\mu}{2\mu} P'_{1m} = k(Q'_{1m} + S'_{1m})
 \end{aligned} \right\} \dots\dots(3)$$

$\Delta = (\bar{P}_{1m} e^{-kz} + \bar{P}'_{1m} e^{kz}) J_m(kr) \sin m\theta$ の場合

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 \bar{u}_r &= \left[\left\{ \left(\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} \bar{P}_{1m} z - \bar{Q}_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(-\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} \bar{P}'_{1m} z - \bar{Q}'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right\} J'_m(kr) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \{ \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} + \bar{R}'_{1m} e^{kz} \} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right] \sin m\theta, \\
 \bar{u}_\theta &= \left[\left\{ \left(\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} \bar{P}_{1m} z - \bar{Q}_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(-\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} \bar{P}'_{1m} z - \bar{Q}'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right\} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \{ \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} + \bar{R}'_{1m} e^{kz} \} J'_m(kr) \right] \cos m\theta, \\
 \bar{u}_z &= - \left\{ \left(\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} \bar{P}_{1m} z - \bar{S}_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(\frac{\lambda + \mu}{2\mu} \bar{P}'_{1m} z - \bar{S}'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right\} J_m(kr) \sin m\theta \\
 &\quad \frac{\lambda + 3\mu}{2\mu} \bar{P}_{1m} = k(\bar{Q}_{1m} - \bar{S}_{1m}), \quad \frac{\lambda + 3\mu}{2\mu} \bar{P}'_{1m} = k(\bar{Q}'_{1m} + \bar{S}'_{1m}).
 \end{aligned} \right\} \dots\dots(4)$$

$P_{1m}, Q_{1m}, S_{1m}, R_{1m} \dots$ 等は積分常數である。

次に歪力成分は次式の公式に依つて求められる。

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 \widehat{z z} &= \lambda \Delta + 2\mu \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z}, \\
 \widehat{z r} &= \mu \left\{ \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} \right\} \\
 \widehat{z \theta} &= \mu \left\{ \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial z} \right\}
 \end{aligned} \right\} \dots\dots(5)$$

即ち

$$\left. \begin{aligned}
 \widehat{z z} &= \{ [(\lambda + \mu) P_{1m} k z - 2\mu k S_{1m} - \mu P_{1m}] e^{-kz} + [-(\lambda + \mu) P'_{1m} k z \\
 &\quad + 2\mu k S'_{1m} - \mu P'_{1m}] e^{kz} \} J_m(kr) \cos m\theta \\
 \widehat{z r} &= - \{ [(\lambda + \mu) P_{1m} k z - \frac{\lambda + \mu}{2} P_{1m} - \mu k (S_{1m} + Q_{1m})] e^{-kz} \\
 &\quad + [(\lambda + \mu) P'_{1m} k z + \frac{\lambda + \mu}{2} P'_{1m} + \mu k (Q'_{1m} - S'_{1m})] e^{kz} \} J'_m(kr) \\
 &\quad + \frac{\mu m}{r} (R_{1m} e^{-kz} - R'_{1m} e^{kz}) J_m(kr) \} \cos m\theta.
 \end{aligned} \right\} \dots\dots(6)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \widehat{z\theta} &= \left\{ \left[(\lambda + \mu) P_{1m} k z - \frac{\lambda + \mu}{2} P_{1m} - \mu k (S_{1m} + Q_{1m}) \right] e^{-kz} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \left\{ (\lambda + \mu) P'_{1m} k z + \frac{\lambda + \mu}{2} P'_{1m} + \mu k (Q'_{1m} - S'_{1m}) \right\} e^{kz} \right\} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \\
 &\quad + \mu k (R_{1m} e^{-kz} - R'_{1m} e^{kz}) J'_m(kr) \sin m\theta \\
 \widehat{zzz} &= \left\{ \left[(\lambda + \mu) \bar{P}_{1m} k z - 2 \mu k \bar{S}_{1m} - \mu \bar{P}_{1m} \right] e^{-kz} + \left\{ -(\lambda + \mu) \bar{P}'_{1m} k z \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + 2 \mu k \bar{S}'_{1m} - \mu \bar{P}'_{1m} \right\} e^{kz} \right\} J_m(kr) \sin m\theta. \\
 \widehat{zr} &= - \left\{ \left[(\lambda + \mu) \bar{P}_{1m} k z - \frac{\lambda + \mu}{2} \bar{P}_{1m} - k \mu (\bar{Q}_{1m} + \bar{S}_{1m}) \right] e^{-kz} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \left\{ (\lambda + \mu) \bar{P}'_{1m} k z + \frac{\lambda + \mu}{2} \bar{P}'_{1m} + \mu k (\bar{Q}'_{1m} - \bar{S}'_{1m}) \right\} e^{kz} \right\} J'_m(kr) \\
 &\quad + \left\{ \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} - \bar{R}'_{1m} e^{kz} \right\} \frac{\mu m}{r} J_m(kr) \sin m\theta. \\
 \widehat{z\theta} &= \left\{ \left[-(\lambda + \mu) \bar{P}_{1m} z + \frac{\lambda + \mu}{2} \bar{P}_{1m} + \mu k (\bar{Q}_{1m} + \bar{S}_{1m}) \right] e^{-kz} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \left\{ -(\lambda + \mu) \bar{P}'_{1m} z - \frac{\lambda + \mu}{2} \bar{P}'_{1m} - \mu k (\bar{Q}'_{1m} - \bar{S}'_{1m}) \right\} e^{kz} \right\} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \\
 &\quad - \mu k \left\{ \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} - \bar{R}'_{1m} e^{kz} \right\} J'_m(kr) \cos m\theta
 \end{aligned} \dots\dots (7)$$

2. 有層半無限弾性體の場合

表面層の厚さを f , そのラーメ常数を λ_1, μ_1 下層のラーメ常数を λ_2, μ_2 とし, 積分常数の添数を 1 及 2 でもつて表はす事にする. 下層に於て $z = \infty$ では變位 = 0 にならなければならぬから, $P'_{2m}, S'_{2m}, Q'_{2m}, R'_{2m}$, 及び $\bar{P}'_{2m}, \bar{S}'_{2m}, \bar{Q}'_{2m}, \bar{R}'_{2m}$ は零である.

即ち表面層に於ける變位及び歪力成分は

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_r &= \left\{ \left[\left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} P_{1m} z - Q_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(-\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} P'_{1m} z - Q'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right] J'_m(kr) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + (R_{1m} e^{-kz} + R'_{1m} e^{kz}) \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right\} \cos m\theta, \\
 u_\theta &= \left\{ \left[\left(-\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} P_{1m} z + Q_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} P'_{1m} z + Q'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right] \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - (R_{1m} e^{-kz} + R'_{1m} e^{kz}) J'_m(kr) \right\} \sin m\theta, \\
 u_z &= - \left\{ \left[\left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} P_{1m} z - S_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} P'_{1m} z - S'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right] J_m(kr) \cos m\theta \right. \\
 \bar{u}_r &= \left\{ \left[\left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} \bar{P}_{1m} z - \bar{Q}_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(-\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} \bar{P}'_{1m} z - \bar{Q}'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right] J'_m(kr) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \left\{ \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} + \bar{R}'_{1m} e^{kz} \right\} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right\} \sin m\theta.
 \end{aligned} \dots\dots (8)$$

$$\bar{u}_\theta = \left[\left\{ \left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} \bar{P}_{1m} z - \bar{Q}_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(-\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} \bar{P}'_{1m} z - \bar{Q}'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right\} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right. \\ \left. + \{ \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} + \bar{R}'_{1m} e^{kz} \} J'_m(kr) \right] \cos m\theta, \quad \dots(9)$$

$$\bar{u}_z = - \left\{ \left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} \bar{P}_{1m} z - \bar{S}_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} + \left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2\mu_1} \bar{P}'_{1m} z - \bar{S}'_{1m} \right) e^{kz} \right\} J_m(kr) \sin m\theta.$$

$$\bar{z}z = \{ [(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) P_{1m} k z - 2\mu_1 k S_{1m} - \mu_1 P_{1m}] e^{-kz} \\ + [-(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) P'_{1m} k z + 2\mu_1 k S'_{1m} - \mu_1 P'_{1m}] e^{kz} \} J_m(kr) \cos m\theta,$$

$$\bar{z}r = - \{ [(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) P_{1m} k z - \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2} P_{1m} - \mu_1 k (S_{1m} + Q_{1m})] e^{-kz}$$

$$+ [(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) P'_{1m} k z + \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2} P'_{1m} + \mu_1 k (Q'_{1m} - S'_{1m})] e^{kz} \} J'_m(kr)$$

$$+ \frac{\mu_1 m}{r} (R_{1m} e^{-kz} - R'_{1m} e^{kz}) J_m(kr) \} \cos m\theta, \quad \dots(10)$$

$$\bar{z}\theta = \{ [(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) P_{1m} k z - \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2} P_{1m} - \mu_1 k (S_{1m} + Q_{1m})] e^{-kz}$$

$$+ [(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) P'_{1m} k z + \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{-2} P'_{1m} + \mu_1 k (Q'_{1m} - S'_{1m})] e^{kz} \} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr)$$

$$+ \mu_1 k (R_{1m} e^{-kz} - R'_{1m} e^{kz}) J'_m(kr) \} \sin m\theta.$$

$$\bar{z}\bar{z} = \{ [(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) \bar{P}_{1m} k z - 2\mu_1 k \bar{S}_{1m} - \mu_1 \bar{P}_{1m}] e^{-kz}$$

$$+ [-(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) \bar{P}'_{1m} k z + 2\mu_1 k \bar{S}'_{1m} - \mu_1 \bar{P}'_{1m}] e^{kz} \} J_m(kr) \sin m\theta,$$

$$\bar{z}\bar{r} = - \{ [(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) \bar{P}_{1m} k z - \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2} \bar{P}_{1m} k - \mu_1 (Q_{1m} + S_{1m})] e^{-kz}$$

$$+ [(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) \bar{P}'_{1m} k z + \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2} \bar{P}'_{1m} + \mu_1 k (Q'_{1m} - S'_{1m})] e^{kz} \} J'_m(kr)$$

$$+ \{ \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} - \bar{R}'_{1m} e^{kz} \} \frac{\mu_1 m}{r} J_m(kr) \} \sin m\theta, \quad \dots(11)$$

$$\bar{z}\bar{\theta} = \{ [-(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) \bar{P}_{1m} k z + \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2} \bar{P}_{1m} + \mu_1 k (\bar{Q}_{1m} + \bar{S}_{1m})] e^{-kz}$$

$$+ [-(\lambda_1 + \mu_1) \bar{P}'_{1m} k z - \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2} \bar{P}'_{1m} - \mu_1 k (\bar{Q}'_{1m} - \bar{S}'_{1m})] e^{kz} \} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr)$$

$$- \mu_1 k \{ \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} - \bar{R}'_{1m} e^{kz} \} J'_m(kr) \} \cos m\theta.$$

下層の變位及歪力成分は

$$u_r = \left[\left\{ \left(\frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2\mu_2} P_{2m} z - Q_{2m} \right) e^{-kz} J'_m(kr) + R_{2m} e^{-kz} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right\} \cos m\theta, \right]$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} u_\theta &= \left[\left(-\frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2\mu_2} P_{2m} z + Q_{2m} \right) e^{-kz} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) - R_{2m} e^{-kz} J'_m(kr) \right] \sin m\theta, \\ u_z &= -\left(\frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2\mu_2} P_{2m} z - S_{2m} \right) e^{-kz} J_m(kr) \cos m\theta. \end{aligned} \right\} \dots (12)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \bar{u}_r &= \left[\left(\frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2\mu_2} \bar{P}_{2m} z - \bar{Q}_{2m} \right) e^{-kz} J'_m(kr) + \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right] \sin m\theta, \\ \bar{u}_\theta &= \left[\left(\frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2\mu_2} \bar{P}_{2m} z - \bar{Q}_{2m} \right) e^{-kz} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) + \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} J'_m(kr) \right] \cos m\theta, \\ \bar{u}_z &= -\left(\frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2\mu_2} \bar{P}_{2m} z - \bar{S}_{1m} \right) e^{-kz} J_m(kr) \sin m\theta. \end{aligned} \right\} \dots (13)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \widehat{z}z &= \{(\lambda_2 + \mu_2) P_{2m} k z - 2\mu_2 k S_{2m} - \mu_2 P_{2m}\} e^{-kz} J_m(kr) \cos m\theta, \\ \widehat{z}r &= \left[\{(\lambda_2 + \mu_2) P_{2m} k z - \frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2} P_{2m} - \mu_2 k (S_{2m} + Q_{2m})\} e^{-kz} J'_m(kr) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{\mu_2 m}{r} R_{2m} e^{-kz} J_m(kr) \right] \cos m\theta, \end{aligned} \right\} \dots (14)$$

$$\widehat{z}\theta = \left[\{(\lambda_2 + \mu_2) P_{2m} k z - \frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2} P_{2m} - \mu_2 k (S_{2m} + Q_{2m})\} e^{-kz} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right. \\ \left. + \mu_2 k \bar{R}_{2m} e^{-kz} J'_m(kr) \right] \sin m\theta,$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \bar{z}z &= \{(\lambda_2 + \mu_2) \bar{P}_{2m} k z - 2\mu_2 k \bar{S}_{2m} - \bar{\mu}_2 P_{2m}\} e^{-kz} J_m(kr) \sin m\theta, \\ \bar{z}r &= -\left[\{(\lambda_2 + \mu_2) \bar{P}_{2m} k z - \frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2} \bar{P}_{2m} - k \mu_2 (\bar{Q}_{2m} + \bar{S}_{2m})\} e^{-kz} J'_m(kr) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \bar{R}_{1m} e^{-kz} \frac{\mu_2 m}{r} J_m(kr) \right] \sin m\theta, \end{aligned} \right\} \dots (15)$$

$$\bar{z}\theta = \left[\{-(\lambda_2 + \mu_2) \bar{P}_{2m} k z + \frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2} \bar{P}_{2m} + \mu_2 k (\bar{Q}_{2m} + \bar{S}_{2m})\} e^{-kz} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \right. \\ \left. - \mu_2 k \bar{R}_{2m} e^{-kz} J'_m(kr) \right] \cos m\theta.$$

今表面に働く静的力を次の様に表す。但し $\Pi_m(r)$, $\Phi_m(r)$, $Z_m(r)$...等は r のみの函数とし F_r , F_θ , F_z は夫々 r , θ , z 方向の歪力成分とする

$$\left. \begin{aligned} F_r(r, \theta) &= \Pi_m(r) \cos m\theta + \bar{\Pi}_m(r) \sin m\theta \\ F_\theta(r, \theta) &= \Phi_m(r) \cos m\theta + \bar{\Phi}_m(r) \sin m\theta \\ F_z(r, \theta) &= Z_m(r) \cos m\theta + \bar{Z}_m(r) \sin m\theta \end{aligned} \right\} \dots (16)$$

$$\widehat{z}r = -F_r, \quad \widehat{z}\theta = -F_\theta, \quad \widehat{z}z = -F_z$$

と置くと、此等は次の如く展開される。

$$\frac{\widehat{z}r}{\mu_1} = -\frac{1}{\mu_1} \int_0^\infty \{S_m(k) J_{m+1}(kr) + T_m(k) J'_{m-1}(kr)\} k dk \cos m\theta$$

$$\frac{\overline{z\theta}}{\mu_1} = -\frac{1}{\mu_1} \int_0^\infty \{S_m(k)J_{m+1}(kr) - T_m(k)J_{m-1}(kr)\}kdk \sin m\theta \quad \dots\dots\dots(17)$$

$$\frac{\overline{zz}}{\mu_1} = -\frac{1}{\mu_1} \int_0^\infty W_m(k)J_m(kr)kdk \cos m\theta$$

$$\frac{\overline{zr}}{\mu_1} = -\frac{1}{\mu_1} \int_0^\infty \{\overline{S}_m(k)J_{m+1}(kr) + \overline{T}_m(k)J_{m-1}(kr)\}kdk \sin m\theta$$

$$\frac{\overline{z\theta}}{\mu_1} = \frac{1}{\mu_1} \int_0^\infty \{\overline{S}_m(k)J_{m+1}(kr) - T_m(k)J_{m-1}(kr)\}kdk \cos m\theta \quad \dots\dots\dots(18)$$

$$\frac{\overline{zz}}{\mu_1} = -\frac{1}{\mu_1} \int_0^\infty \overline{W}_m(k)J_m(kr)kdk \sin m\theta$$

こゝに $S_m(k) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \{\Pi_m(\omega) + \overline{\Phi}_m(\omega)\}J_{m+1}(k\omega)\omega d\omega,$

$$T_m(k) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \{\Pi_m(\omega) - \overline{\Phi}_m(\omega)\}J_{m-1}(k\omega)\omega d\omega,$$

$$W_m(k) = \int_0^\infty Z_m(\omega)J_m(k\omega)\omega d\omega,$$

$$\overline{S}_m(k) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \{\overline{\Pi}_m(\omega) - \overline{\Phi}_m(\omega)\}J_{m+1}(k\omega)\omega d\omega,$$

$$\overline{T}_m(k) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \{\overline{\Pi}_m(\omega) + \overline{\Phi}_m(\omega)\}J_{m-1}(k\omega)\omega d\omega,$$

$$\overline{W}_m(k) = \int_0^\infty \overline{Z}_m(\omega)J_m(k\omega)\omega d\omega.$$

3. 積分常数の決定

こゝで表面に働く力並に層の境界に於て變位及至力は連続であると云ふ條件を満足する様に常數を決定しなければならない。先ず (8), (10), (12), (14) の各式から

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \{(\lambda_1 + \mu_1)P_{1mk}f - 2\mu_1kS_{1m} - \mu_1P_{1m}\}e^{-kf} \\ & \quad + \{-(\lambda_1 + \mu_1)P'_{1mk}f + 2\mu_1kS'_{1m} - \mu_1P'_{1m}\}e^{kf} \\ & = \{(\lambda_2 + \mu_2)P_{2mk}f - 2\mu_2kS_{2m} - \mu_2P_{2m}\}e^{-kf} \\ & \{(\lambda_1 + \mu_1)P_{1mk}f - \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2}P_{1m} - \mu_1k(S_{1m} + Q_{1m})\}e^{-kf} \\ & \quad + \{(\lambda_1 + \mu_1)P'_{1mk}f + \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1}{2}P'_{1m} + \mu_1k(Q'_{1m} - S'_{1m})\}e^{kf} \\ & = \{(\lambda_2 + \mu_2)P_{2mk}f - \frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2}{2}P_{2m} - \mu_2k(S_{2m} + Q_{2m})\}e^{-kf} \\ & \mu_1(R_1me^{-kf} - R'_1me^{kf}) = \mu_2R_2me^{-kf} \end{aligned} \right\} \dots\dots\dots(19)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1 P_{1mf} - Q_{1m}}{2\mu_1} \right) e^{-kf} + \left(-\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1 P'_{1mf} - Q'_{1m}}{2\mu_1} \right) e^{kf} \\ & = \left(\frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2 P_{2mf} - Q_{2m}}{2\mu_2} \right) e^{-kf} \\ & R_{1m} e^{-kf} + R'_{1m} e^{kf} = R_{2m} e^{-kf} \end{aligned} \right\} \dots\dots\dots (20)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1 P_{1mf} - S_{1m}}{2\mu_1} \right) e^{-kf} + \left(\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1 P'_{1mf} - S'_{1m}}{2\mu_1} \right) e^{kf} \\ & = \left(\frac{\lambda_2 + \mu_2 P_{2mf} - S_{2m}}{2\mu_2} \right) e^{-kf} \\ & -\frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1 P_{1m} - \mu_1 k(S_{1m} + Q_{1m}) + \frac{\lambda_1 + \mu_1 P'_{1m}}{2}}{2} \\ & + \mu_1 k(Q'_{1m} - S'_{1m}) = -k\{S_m(k) - T_m(k)\} \\ & \mu_1(R_{1m} - R'_{1m}) = S_m(k) + T_m(k) \\ & -2\mu_1 k S_{1m} - \mu_1 P_{1m} + 2\mu_1 k S_{1m} - \mu_2 P'_{1m} = -k W_m(k) \end{aligned} \right\} \dots\dots\dots (21)$$

此等から常数を決定するのは非常に面倒であるから、今後は $\lambda_1 = \mu_1$, $\lambda_2 = \mu_2$ なる場合について計算する。且 $\mu_2/\mu_1 = n$ と置くと

$$\begin{aligned} P_{1m} &= \left[4 \frac{k}{\mu_1} \{S_m(k) - T_m(k)\} \{-(n+2)(1+2n)e^{2kf} + (1-n)(n+2) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + 2(1-n)(2+n)kf\} + 4 \frac{k}{\mu_1} W_m(k) \{(n+2)(1+2n)e^{2kf} \right. \\ & \quad \left. - (1-n)(n+2) + 2(1-n)(n+2)kf\} \right] \times \Delta^{-1} \\ S_{1m} &= \left[-\frac{1}{\mu_1} \{S_m(k) - T_m(k)\} \{-2(n+2)(2n+1)e^{2kf} + 4(1-n)^2 + 4(1-n)(n+2)kf \right. \\ & \quad \left. - 8(1-n)(n+2)k^2 f^2\} + \frac{1}{\mu_1} W_m(k) \{-6(n+2)(2n+1)e^{2kf} \right. \\ & \quad \left. - 12(1-n)(n+3) - 12(n+2)(1-n)kf + 8(1-n)(n+2)k^2 f^2\} \right] \times \Delta^{-1} \\ Q_{1m} &= \left[\frac{1}{\mu_1} \{S_m(k) - T_m(k)\} \{-6(n+2)(2n+1)e^{2kf} - 12(1-n)^2 + 12(1-n)(2+n)kf \right. \\ & \quad \left. + 8(1-n)(n+2)k^2 f^2\} + \frac{1}{\mu_1} W_m(k) \{2(n+2)(2n+1)e^{2kf} \right. \\ & \quad \left. - 4(1-n)^2 + 4(1-n)(n+2)kf + 8(1-n)(2+n)k^2 f^2\} \right] \times \Delta^{-1} \\ P'_{1m} &= \left[\frac{k}{\mu_1} \{S_m(k) - T_m(k)\} \{8(1-n)^2 e^{-2kf} - 4(1-n)(n+2) + 8(n+2)(1-n)kf \right. \\ & \quad \left. - \frac{k}{\mu_1} W_m(k) \{-8(1-n)^2 e^{-2kf} + 4(1-n)(n+2) + 8(n+2)(1-n)kf\} \right] \times \Delta^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$S'_{1m} = \left[\frac{1}{\mu_1} \{S_m(k) - T_m(k)\} \{4(1-n)^2 e^{-2kf} + 4(1-n)^2 + 4(1-n)(n+2)kf\} \right. \\ \left. + 8(1-n)(2+n)k^2 f^2 \right] + \frac{1}{\mu_1} W_m(k) \{12(1-n)^2 e^{-2kf} + 12(n^2 - 1) \\ - 12(1-n)(n+2)kf - 8(1-n)(2+n)k^2 f^2\} \times \Delta^{-1}$$

$$Q'_{1m} = \left[\frac{1}{\mu_1} \{S_m(k) - T_m(k)\} \{12(1-n)^2 e^{-2kf} - 4(1-n)(n+5) + 12(n+2)(1-n)kf\} \right. \\ \left. - 8(1-n)(2+n)k^2 f^2 \right] + \frac{1}{\mu_1} W_m(k) \{4(1-n)^2 e^{-2kf} - (1-n)(5n+1) \\ - 4(1-n)(2+n)kf + 8(1-n)(2+n)k^2 f^2\} \times \Delta^{-1}$$

$$R_{1m} = \frac{S_m(k) + T_m(k)}{\mu_1 \left\{ 1 - \frac{1-n}{1+n} e^{-2kf} \right\}}, \quad R'_{1m} = \frac{S_m(k) + T_m(k)}{\mu_1 \left\{ \frac{1+n}{1-n} e^{2kf} - 1 \right\}},$$

$$\Delta = -8(n+2)(2n+1)e^{2kf} - 16(1-n)^2 e^{-2kf} + 8(1-n)(5n+4) + 64(1-n)kf + 32n(1-n)k^2 f^2$$

此等決定された常数を (8) に代入し k について零から ∞ 迄積分して變位が得られる。即ち

$$u_r = \int_0^\infty \{ (P_{1m} z - Q_{1m}) e^{-kz} + (-P'_{1m} z - Q'_{1m}) e^{kz} \} J'_m(kr) \\ + (R_{1m} e^{-kz} + R'_{1m} e^{kz}) \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \} dk \cdot \cos m\theta.$$

$$u_\theta = \int_0^\infty \{ (-P_{1m} z + Q_{1m}) e^{-kz} + (P'_{1m} z + Q'_{1m}) e^{kz} \} \frac{m}{kr} J_m(kr) \\ - (R_{1m} e^{-kz} + R'_{1m} e^{kz}) J'_m(kr) \} dk \cdot \sin m\theta.$$

$$u_z = \int_0^\infty [-(P_{1m} z - S_{1m}) e^{-kz} + (P'_{1m} z - S'_{1m}) e^{kz}] J_m(kr) dk \cdot \cos m\theta.$$

今一つの場合は唯 S_m, T_m, W_m が $\bar{S}_m, \bar{T}_m, \bar{W}_m$ となるだけである。