### Session 5.2 Outcomes of the workshop

#### Contents

- Purposes and organization of the workshop
- Outcomes

# Purposes and organization of the workshop

### Purposes of the workshop

- To foster shared understanding on WIGOS key issues including OSCAR/Surface and the WIGOS Data Quality Monitoring System (WDQMS)
- II. To make practical discussion on collaboration between the RWCs and Members to improve availability and quality of observation
- III. To share RWCs' services with Members based in line with user requirement

### Organization of the workshop

#### Session 1:

Introduction

#### Session 2:

Open seminar - Integration, quality management and application

#### Session 3:

Operation of RWC mandatory functions

#### Session 4:

Technical support as RWC optional functions

#### Session 5:

Wrap up of the workshop

## Session 1 Introduction

- [1.1] Introduction of WIGOS Integration -
- [1.2] CIMO-17 outcomes and CIMO activities Quality management -
- [1.3] Development framework Application -

#### Session 2

## Open seminar - Integration, quality management and application

- [2.1] CIMO TECO-2018 highlights Towards fit-forpurpose environmental measurement -
- [2.2] GSMaP Integrated application with developer and user collaboration -
- [2.3] Proposed framework for Integrated regional radar network
- [2.4] Innovative remote sensing measurements as new data sources
- [2.5] Observation for 2030 Vision

#### Session 2

# Open seminar - Integration, quality management and application

- [2.6] Measurement quality classifications for surface observing stations on land
- [2.7] Survey results
- [2.8] Discussion on measurement quality classification

# Session 3 Operation of RWC mandatory functions

- [3.1] Update on WIGOS and RWCs
- [3.2] Introduction of RWC mandatory functions
- [3.3] Country report
- [3.4] Country report summary
- [3.5] Technical tour
- [3.6] Survey results
- [3.7] Discussion on RWC mandatory function

# Session 4 Technical support as RWC optional functions

- [4.1] Review of Day 1 recommendations about measurement quality classification
- [4.2] Introduction of RIC-RWC collaboration
- [4.3] RIC Beijing report
- [4.4] RIC Manila report
- [4.5] RIC Tsukuba report
- [4.6] Discussion: How do we encourage skilled staff?

# Session 4 Technical support as RWC optional functions

- [4.7] Discussion: How do we develop an expert community based on inter-regional collaboration?
- [4.8] Discussion: How do we improve observing system? Review of Tokyo Action Plan 2018 status -
- [4.9] Discussion: How do we develop products and train experts? JMA's 10-year plan and collaborative approaches -
- [4.10] Discussion: What can RWCs do for developing human resource in the region?
- [4.11] Discussion summary Development framework as RWCs optional functions -

## Session 5 Wrap up of the workshop

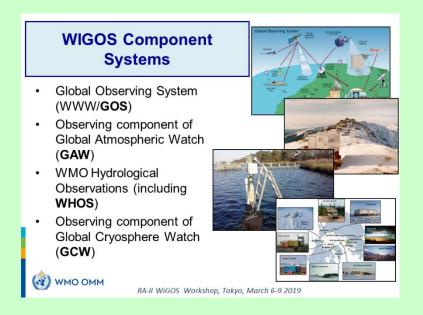
- [5.1] Future operation and activities of RWCs
- [5.2] Outcomes of the workshop

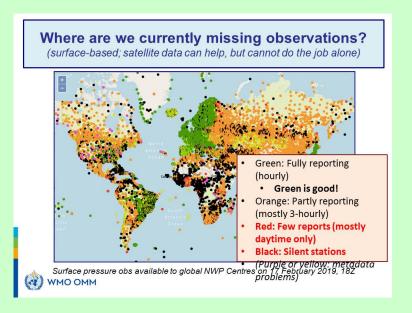
### **Outcomes**

## Session 1 Introduction

- [1.1] Introduction of WIGOS Integration -
- [1.2] CIMO-17 outcomes and CIMO activities Quality management -
- [1.3] Development framework Application -

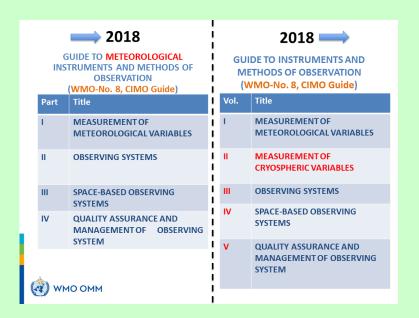
# [1.1] Introduction of WIGOS - Integration -

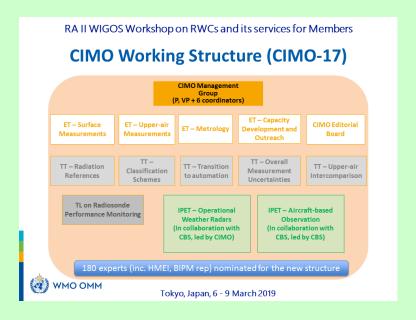




- Activities of the Pre-operational Phase
- Outline of RRR, OSCAR, WDQMS and GBON

# [1.2] CIMO-17 outcomes and CIMO activities - Quality management -

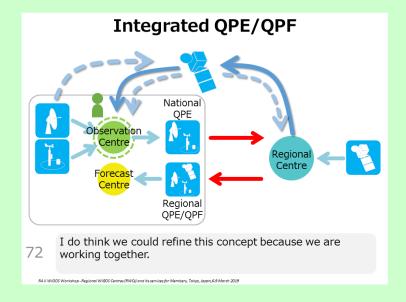




- CIMO activities, e.g. CIMO Guide
- CIMO-17 outcomes, e.g. Vision for the future environmental measurements, working structure

# [1.3] Development framework - Application -

	EV	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023-2027
FY		Phase I		Phase II		Phase III	
Provision of materials and training for users		Draw up product specifications for Phases II and III     Provide user manual		Standardize product specifications     Provide training		Provide mobile training centers	
		Engage in activities for technical/		development transfer			
Satellite	Identification of Rapidly Developing Cumulous Areas (RDCA)	Conduct evaluation to determine detection uncertainty     Improve detection accuracy		Develop regional lightning nowcasting in Asia		Develop severe storm alert content for Asia	
	Himawari products (HCAI & HRPA)	Launch Phase I website in December 2018		Develop regional integrated QPE/QPF in Asia			
	JAXA/GSMaP	Conduct evaluation to duncertainty in rainfall an and prediction  • Conduct evaluation to duncertainty in rainfall and and prediction					
Radar	Southeast Asian Radar Network -Regional WIGOS Project	Improve quality checking techniques     Expand and enhance international exchange of observation data					
Surface	Tokyo Action Plan  • Devise and on quality i		ement training ovement	Improve quality management		Enhance observation networks	
As a result, JMA's 10-year plan was framed including technical support and training.							



JMA's 10-year plan

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Proposed concept of integrated QPE/QPF

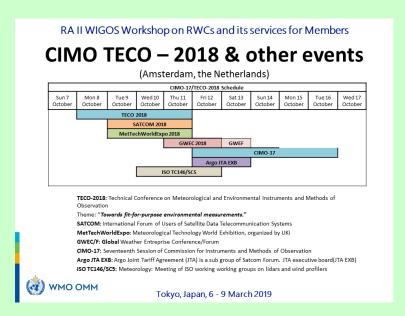
### Session 2

# Open seminar - Integration, quality management and application

- [2.1] CIMO TECO-2018 highlights Towards fit-for-purpose environmental measurement -
- [2.2] GSMaP Integrated application with developer and user collaboration -
- [2.3] Proposed framework for Integrated regional radar network
- [2.4] Innovative remote sensing measurements as new data sources
- [2.5] Observation for 2030 Vision
- [2.6] Measurement quality classifications for surface observing stations on land
- [2.7] Survey results
- [2.8] Discussion on measurement quality classification

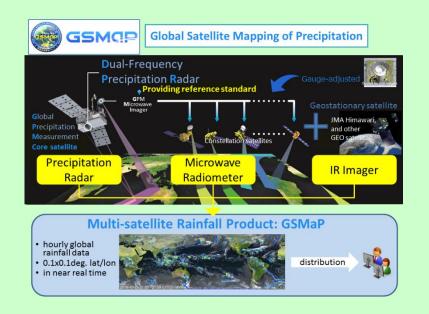
### [2.1] CIMO TECO-2018 highlights -Towards fit-for-purpose environmental measurement -

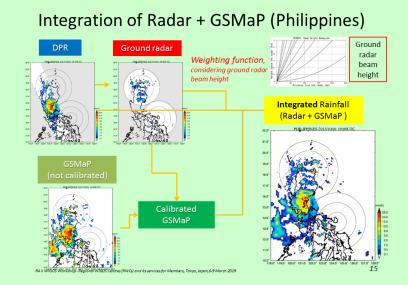




- Discussions on New data sources and AWS tender specifications
- Feedback survey

# [2.2] GSMaP - Integrated application with developer and user collaboration -





- Multi-satellite Rainfall Product: GSMaP
- Integration of GSMaP and radar

# [2.3] Proposed framework for Integrated regional radar network

#### Summary of Survey in the Four Countries



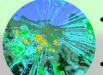




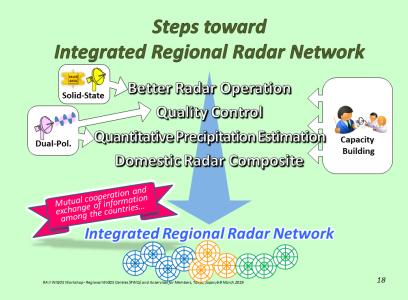


- Not enough human resources (Mechanics, IT engineers and radar meteorologists)
- High maintenance costs
- · Various data formats from various donors

(Needs to be integrated)



- Radio wave interferences due to other radars, WiFi, etc.
- Radar beam cut due to urbanization.



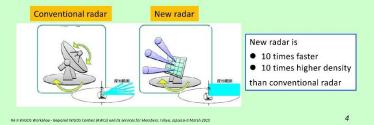
- Survey in 14 countries (incl. 4 countries visit)
- Proposed step toward integrated radar network

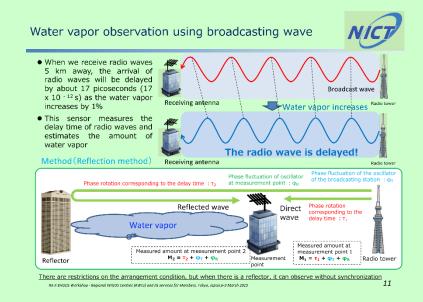
## [2.4] Innovative remote sensing measurements as new data sources

#### Rain observation for guerilla heavy rain



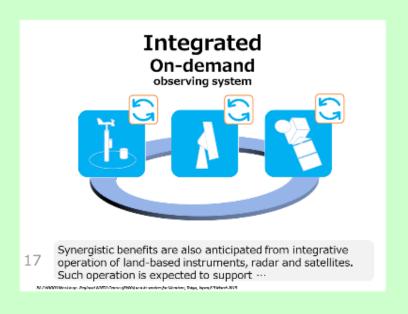
- The conventional weather radar takes time to perform a volume scan of rain.
- The time scale of guerilla heavy rain is very short.
- To observe rain clouds at high speed in three dimensions, NICT is developing new weather radar.
- This radar utilizes phased array technology.

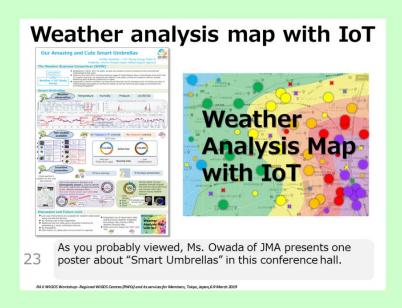




- New radar utilizing phased-array technology
- Water vapor obs. using broadcasting wave

### [2.5] Observation for 2030 Vision





- Integrated on-demand observation system
- Weather analysis map with IoT

# [2.6] Measurement quality classifications for surface observing stations on land

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#### Measurement Quality Classifications for Surface Observing Stations on Land

- ➤ Instrument performance monitoring is also critical to ensure sustained quality of observations (CIMO-15).
- ➤ Experts from CIMO ET OIST and ET DIST have developed the classifications that are complementary to the siting classifications.
- Purpuse: to provide <u>a simple assessment of instrument quality, maintenance and calibration state</u>, leading to a further indication of the likely quality of observational data produced at the site.



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#### **Decision 6 (CIMO-17)**

**CIMO** noted with appreciation the progress made to the Measurement Quality Classifications for Surface Observing Stations on Land, which is provided in the Annex to the present decision.

The commission <u>urges CIMO Members who expressed their concerns</u> with some parts of the scheme, **to** submit their proposals for improvement to the Task Team on Classification Schemes, and to actively contribute to the work of the Task Team.

The Commission requests the Task Team to improve the document according to the inputs received.

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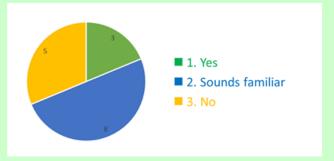
- Outline the classifications
- Decision 6 (CIMO-17) and TT on Classification Schemes

### [2.7] Survey results

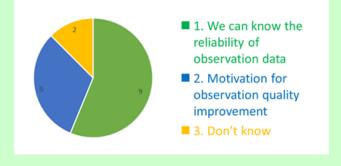
- [2.1] TECO-2018 highlights New data sources and fit-for-purpose measurement -
- [2.2] GSMaP Integrated application with developer and user collaboration -
- [2.3] Proposed framework for Integrated regional radar network
- [2.4] Innovative remote sensing measurements as new data sources
- [2.5] Traceability for low-cost instruments How should we do for quality management?
- [2.6-2.8] Measurement quality classification?

# [2.8] Discussion on measurement quality classification

**Q2.6-1** Do you know measurement quality classification?



**Q2.6-2** What is the benefit of introducing measurement quality classification?



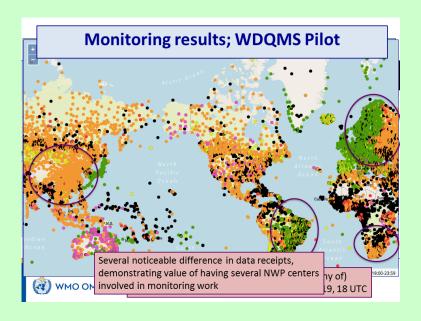
Q2.6-3 What is the concern caused by the introduction of measurement quality classification?



# Session 3 Operation of RWC mandatory functions

- [3.1] Update on WIGOS and RWCs
- [3.2] Introduction of RWC mandatory functions
- [3.3] Country report
- [3.4] Country report summary
- [3.5] Technical tour
- [3.6] Survey results
- [3.7] Discussion on RWC mandatory function

### [3.1] Update on WIGOS and RWCs



#### Regional WIGOS Centers; current status

- Region I: Many indications of national interest; limited national resources. RWC pilot to be initiated in East Africa on DFID (UK) project funding, centered in Kenya and Tanzania; South Africa and Morocco have both indicated interest in submitting proposals;
- Region II (this meeting): Will be done on a sub-regional basis; China
  has formally addressed P/RA-II to request approval of RWC in pilot
  mode in Beijing; Japan has done the same for Tokyo; indications of
  interest also from Saudi Arabia, India and Russia; This meeting will
  also be the first informal RWC coordination meeting between these
  four Members; ICG-WIGOS recommended establishment of a global
  RWC coordination mechanism:
- **Region III**: Plans for Virtual RWC maturing, decision to be made at RA-III-17 later this month; Region VI used as model.

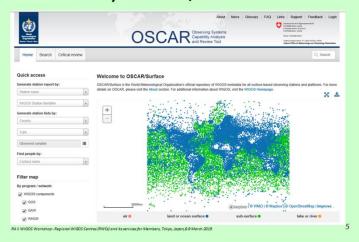


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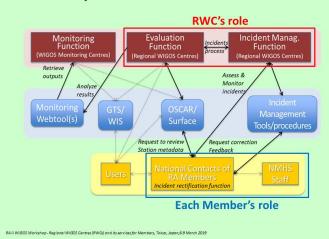
- Outline of OSCAR/Surface and WDQMS
- Outline of RWC and current status

## [3.2] Introduction of RWC mandatory functions

#### Why OSCAR/Surface?



#### The process of the WDQMS



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- How to use OSCAR/Surface
- WDQMS components and process

### [3.3] Country report [3.4] Country report summary







- To facilitate close discussion, Country report was conducted as a Poster Session format.
- Each country shared their discussion points.

### [3.5] Technical tour



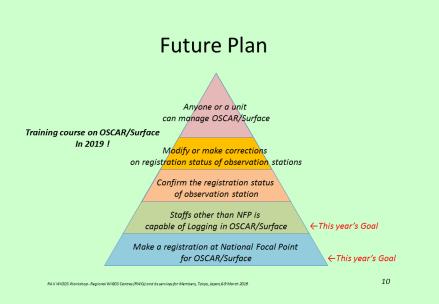
 Participants visited Observation operation room and Forecast operation room of JMA HQ.

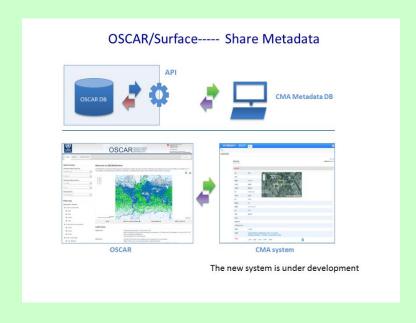
### [3.6] Survey results



 Pre-workshop survey results on OSCAR/surface

### [3.7] Discussion on RWC mandatory function





- High prioritized area in OSCAR/Surface and WDQMS were discussed.
- China and Japan introduced their RWC statuses and plans.

# Session 4 Technical support as RWC optional functions

- [4.1] Review of Day 1 recommendations about measurement quality classification
- [4.2] Introduction of RIC-RWC collaboration
- [4.3] RIC Beijing report
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- [4.10] Discussion: What can RWCs do for developing human resource in the region?
- [4.11] Discussion summary Development framework as RWCs optional functions -

### [4.1] Review of Day 1 recommendations about measurement quality classification

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#### Recommendations (1)

- 1. Members are urged to implement Siting Classification for Surface Observing Stations on Land and share their experience with this implementation.
- 2. CIMO Task Team on Classification Schemes (TT-Class) is invited to examine Siting Classification in the sense of its applicability for different terrain (for example, mountain areas, steep slopes, urban areas) and provide updates and/or guidance, as necessary.

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#### Recommendations (2)

- 3. Measurement Quality Classification scheme is recognized as a helpful tool for increasing reliability of the measurement data and enabling improvement of measurement quality.
- 4. Possible challenges expressed by survey respondents, such as many low-class stations or a need for additional human resources to implement the scheme, should be turned into opportunities for overall improvement of measurement quality.

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#### Recommendations (2)

- 5. TT-Class is encouraged to clearly indicate benefits of implementation of the classification schemes, in the introductory text of the schemes, and consider development of relevant quidance material.
- 6. TT-Class is invited to consider inclusion and interpretation of different averaging intervals in Measurement Quality Classifications for Surface Observing Stations on Land.



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#### Recommendations (3)

- 7. Finalization and approval of the Measurement Quality Classification Scheme is strongly supported by the Workshop participants
- 8. Future development of Measurement Quality Classification Scheme could include measurands at remote sensing (weather radars, wind profilers, lidars, etc.), and upper-air stations, based on available resources.
- 9. TT-Class is invited to explore possibilities for development of quality classifications for manual measurements.



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#### Recommendations (4)

- 10.WIGOS Task Team on Metadata is invited to consider inclusion of indicators of both classification schemes as optional metadata in the WIGOS Metadata Standard.
- 11. Members are encouraged to share their experience with maintenance and field calibrations by submission of relevant guidance material to be posted on CIMO Knowledgesharing portal:

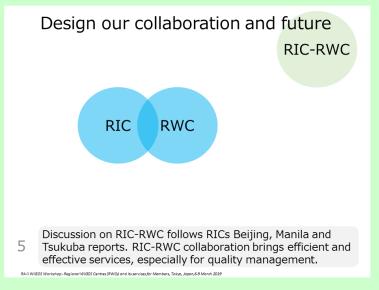
https://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/www/IMOP/Kn owledge-sharing Portal.html



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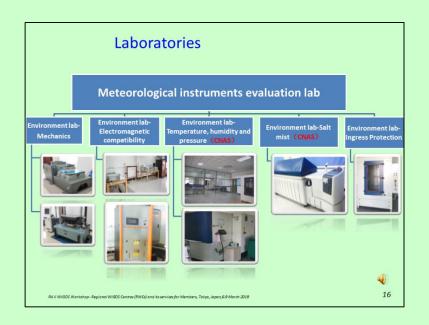
## [4.2] Introduction of RIC-RWC collaboration





 RIC-RWC collaboration brings efficient and effective services, especially for quality management.

### [4.3] RIC Beijing report

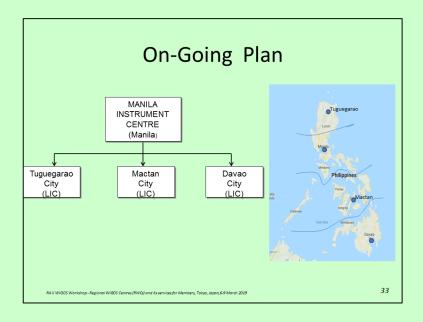




- RIC Beijing activities
- International Collaboration

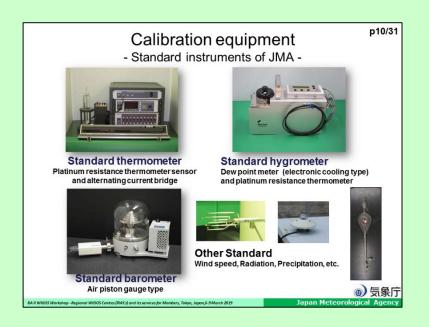
### [4.4] RIC Manila report

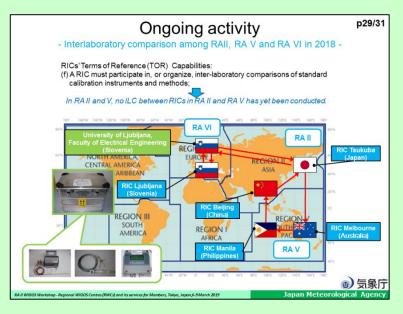




- PAGASA and RIC Manila activities
- Plans and Goals

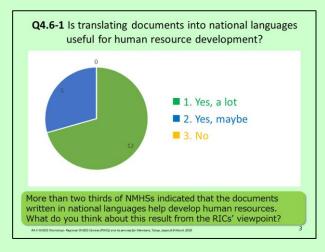
### [4.5] RIC Tsukuba report

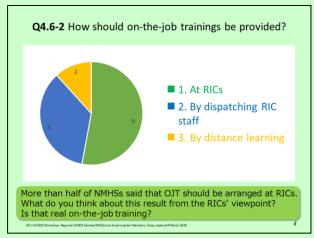


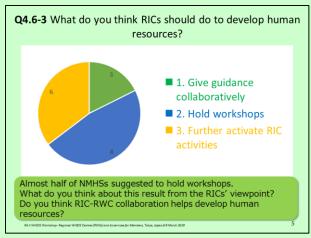


- MIC/JMA activities
- RIC Tsukuba activities

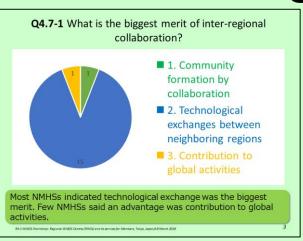
# [4.6] Discussion: How do we encourage skilled staff?

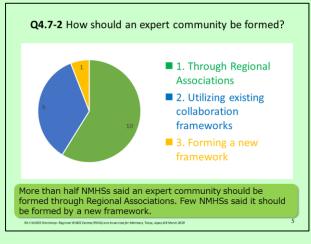




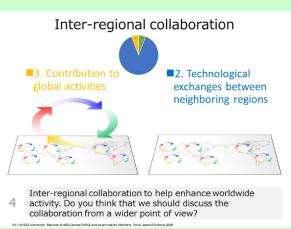


# [4.7] Discussion: How do we develop an expert community based on interregional collaboration?





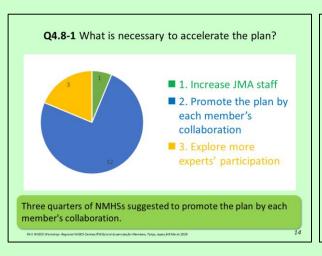


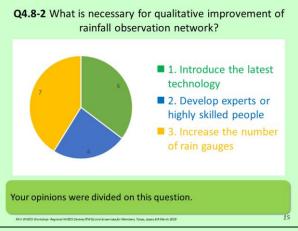


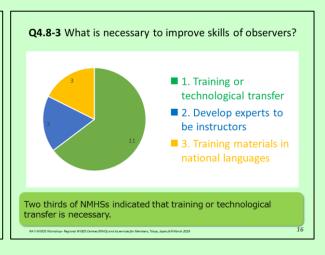




# [4.8] Discussion: How do we improve observing system? - Review of Tokyo Action Plan 2018 status -







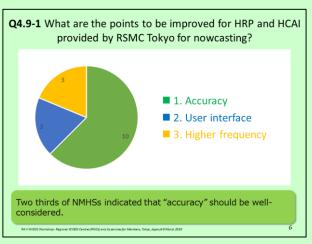


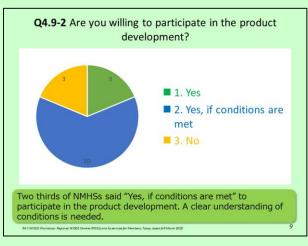


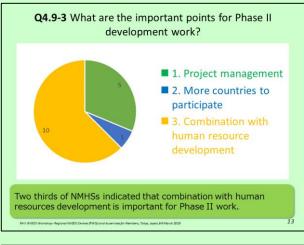




# [4.9] Discussion: How do we develop products and train experts? - JMA's 10-year plan and collaborative approaches -

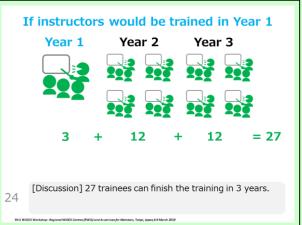




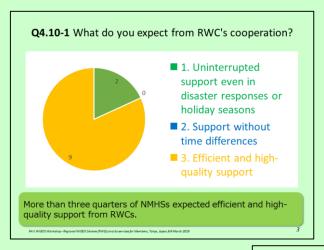


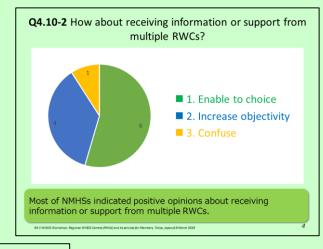


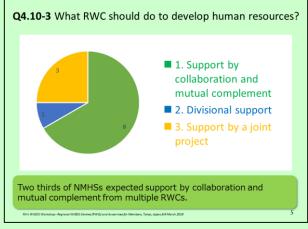




# [4.10] Discussion: What can RWCs do for developing human resource in the region?







# [4.11] Discussion summary Development framework as RWCs optional functions -

**Q4.11-1** What is the role of science in our collaboration?



- The role of science in our collaboration is the role of science in our collaboration. Dr. Duong van Khanh (VietNam)
- The role of science would be as common platform for collaboration and also to improve services.
   Mr. Phuntsho Namgyal (Bhutan)
- Service for users can be improved under science researches.
   Dr. Amgalan Ganbat (Mongolia)

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**Q4.11-2** What is the role of technology in our collaboration?



- The role of technology in our collaboration is means of improving services. Dr. Duong van Khanh (VietNam)
- The technology would facilitate generation of reliable and timely transmission of information. it can also definitely help in improving services by improving quality of information combined with reliable transmission/dissemination.
   Mr. Phuntsho Namayal (Bhutan)
- Renovation of technology can contribute to improving service and Generation and transmission of information as well for sharing information. Dr. Amgalan Ganbat (Mongolia)

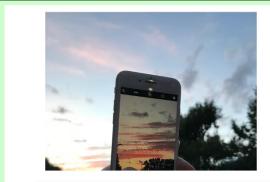
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Q4.11-3 How should we use science and technology for improving professional skills and improving operations?



- We use science and technology for improving professional skills and improving operations for Human resource development and service improvement by experts in science and technology. Dr. Duong van Khanh (VietNam)
- We could use science and technology to improve models and processes for forecasting and observation. Besides, we can use science and technology for capacity building.
   Mr. Phuntsho Namgyal (Bhutan)
- In our case we prefer choosing (3), i.e. capacity building on professional skills. Dr. Amgalan Ganbat (Mongolia)

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We need to gain an insight into the low-cost instruments and social media that are really growing fast.

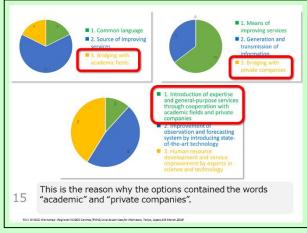
Such a new power(s) might innovate observation ···

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dramatically and rapidly. We are facing great waves of new data. We should recognize such great waves and prepare for them.

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## Session 5 Wrap up of the workshop

- [5.1] Future operation and activities of RWCs
- [5.2] Outcomes of the workshop

## [5.1] Future operation and activities of RWCs

#### Future operation and activities of RWCs

- Supporting Members to register/correct in OSCAR/surface database through sharing expertise or experience
- Establishing Evaluation and Incident Management functions and providing incident information through WDQMS with close communication, especially on silent stations
- Sharing experience and seeking collaboration through coordination mechanism among RWCs in pilot mode
- Collaborating with relevant bodies such as RIC or RTC in technical support for Members
- Holding workshops or training events, or participating in such events as lecturers, with utilizing webinar or video conference as needed
- Promoting human resource development by "teaching how to teach" approach

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