# Practical use of standard meteorological instruments in domestic meteorological observation networks



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# Outline of presentation

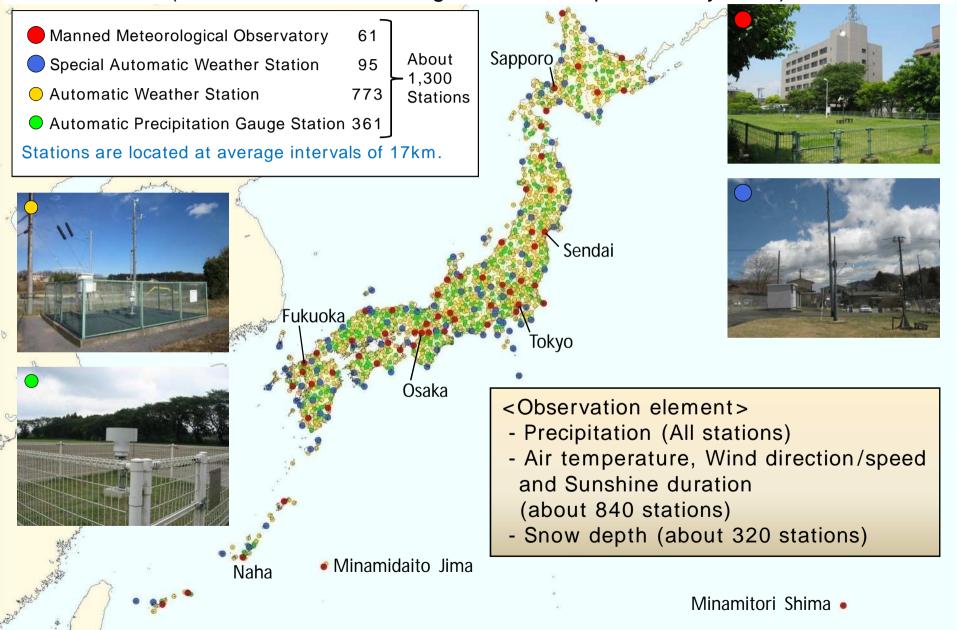
- Observation network of JMA "AMeDAS"
- Traceability of meteorological instruments in Japan
- Maintenance of field instruments
  - Overhaul and inspection / calibration of field instruments at Meteorological Instrument Center (MIC)
  - Site inspection / calibration of field instruments





## Observation network of JMA "AMeDAS"

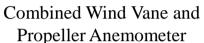
(Automated Meteorological Data Acquisition System)

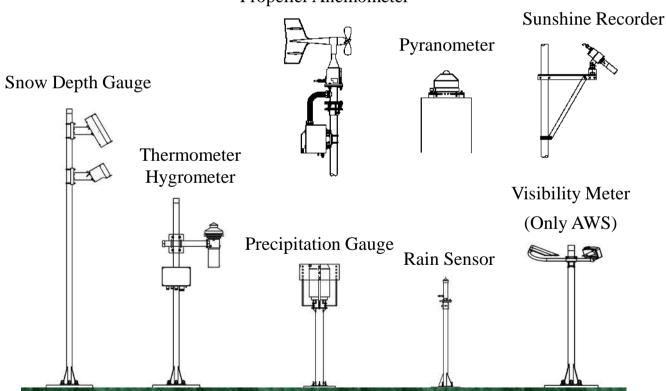


# Observation network of JMA "AMeDAS"

# Manned Observatory & Special Automatic Weather Station

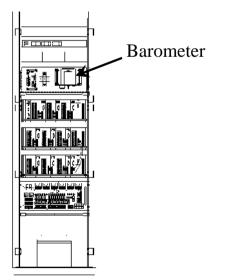
Surface Weather Observation System (JMA-10 type)

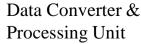


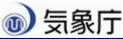










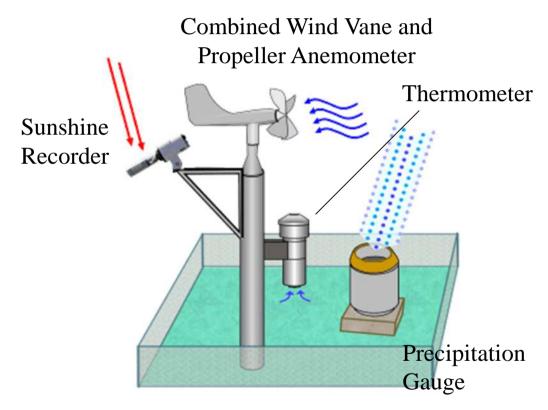


### Observation network of JMA "AMeDAS"

#### Automatic Weather Station / Automatic Precipitation Gauge Station

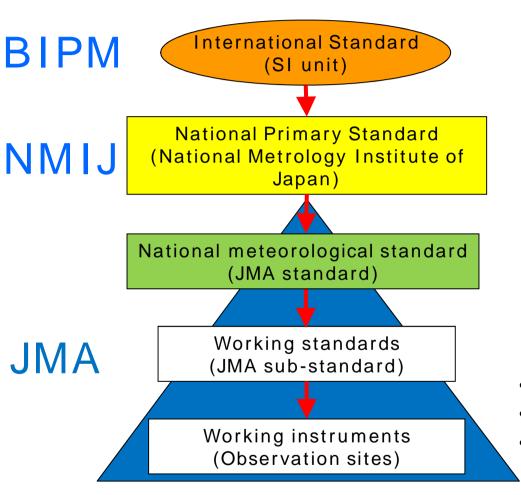






**Automatic Weather Station** 

# Traceability of Meteorological Instruments in Japan





JMA is accredited to ISO/IEC17025

- Temperature
- Humidity
- Pressure

In Japan, the Meteorological Service Act requires all meteorological instruments used for public to meet certain technical and performance standards.

#### Traceability of Temperature (JMA)

Measurement standards traceable to national standards

**JMA Standard** 

Working Standard

Field Instruments

Accredited Laboratory\*

Temperature fixed points

- · Indium point (156.5985 °C)
- · Mercury point (-38.8344 °C)
- · Water triple point (0.01 °C)

Standard resistor  $(100 \Omega)$ 

Calibration:

· every year

**NSR-160** 

every 2 years Water triple-point cell Standard resistor

Platinum resistance thermometer

NSR-160 (Netsushin, Japan)

Alternating current bridge F-600 (ASL, UK)

Water triple-point cell (0.01 °C)

Standard resistor (100  $\Omega$ )

Check: every 6 months Using water triple-point cell



\*According to the Measurement Act in Japan, JMA standard cannot be directly calibrated to the National standard.

Platinum resistance thermometer

TS-81A (Chino, Japan)

Alternating current bridge F-250 (ASL, UK)

Calibration: every year

Meteorological Instrument Center (JMA)

Platinum resistance thermometer TS-81A (Chino, Japan)



Alternating current bridge F-250 (ASL, UK)

Observatory (JMA)

Platinum resistance

thermometer

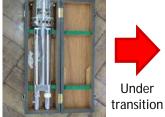
Calibration:

at the time of installation

Calibration: every 5 years

Mercury-in-glass thermometer

(psychrometer)



Under



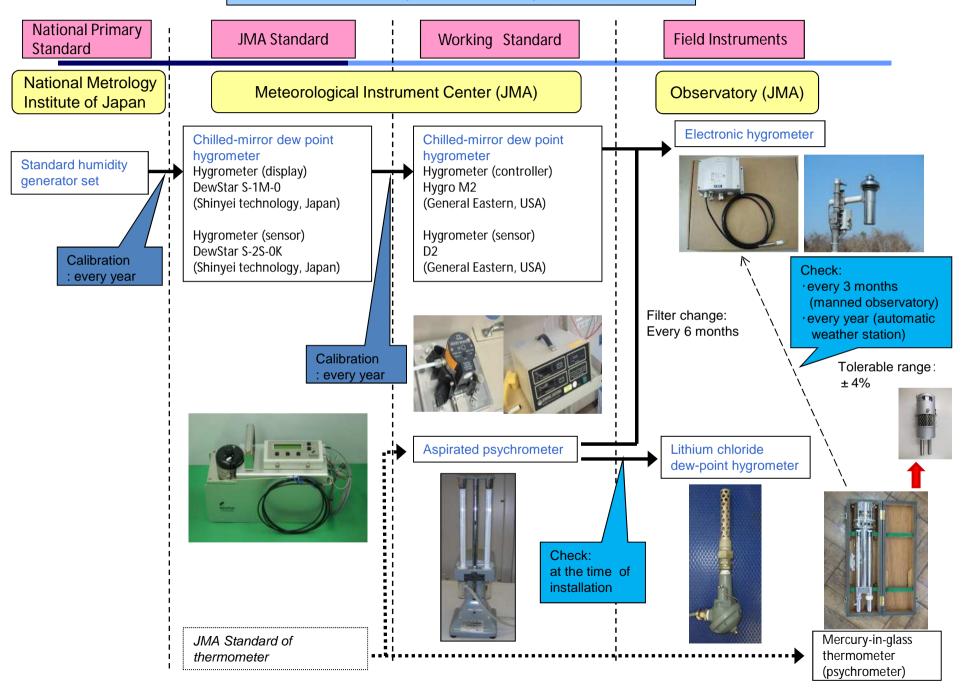
Check: every 3 months

(manned observatory) every year (automatic weather station)

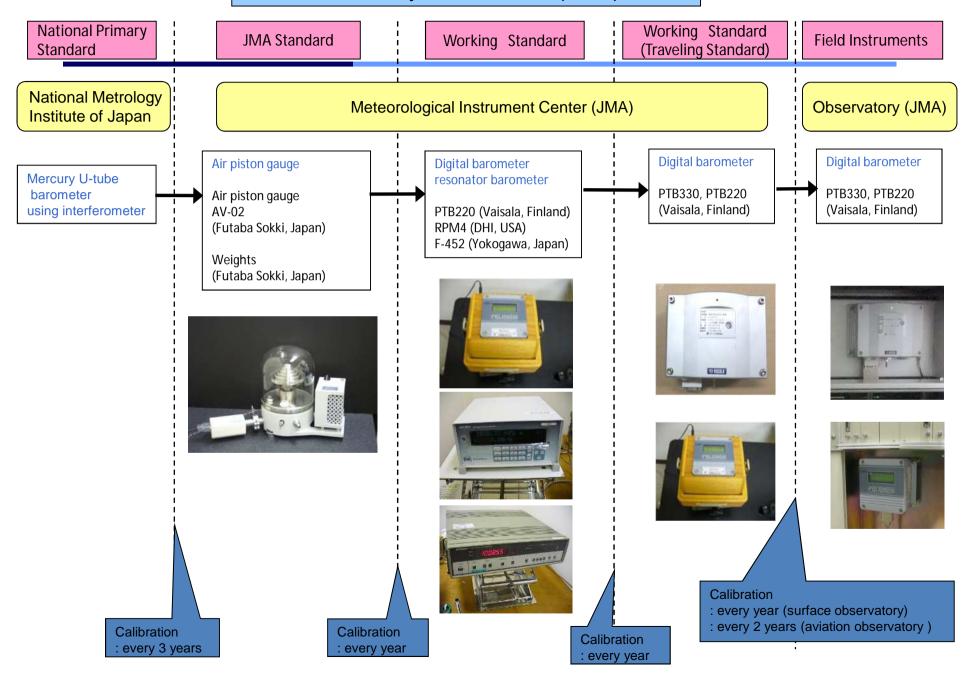
> Tolerable range: ± 0.4 °C

Platinum resistance thermometer (psychrometer)

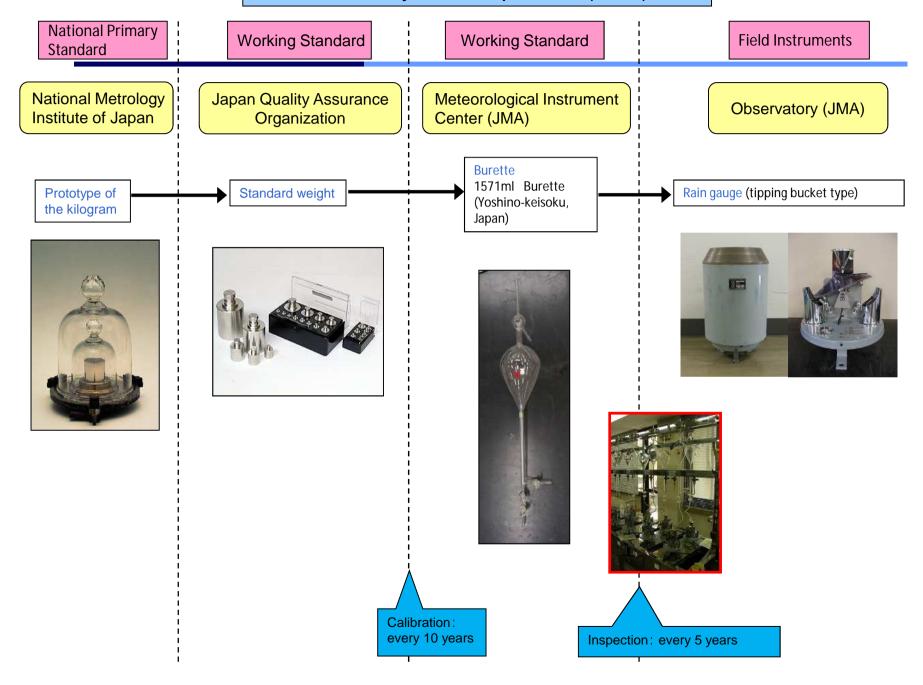
#### Traceability of Humidity (JMA)



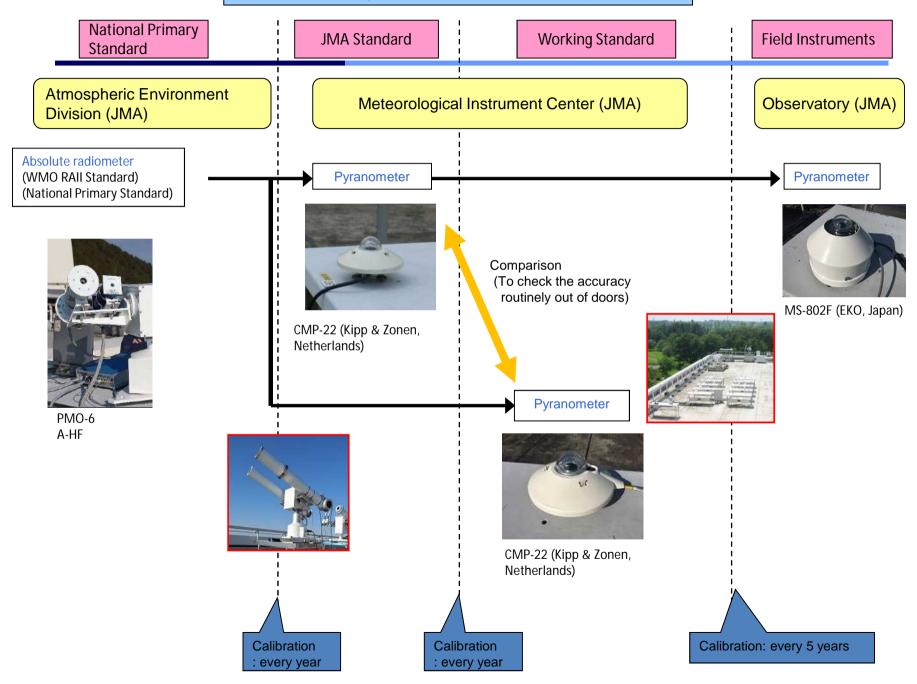
#### Traceability of Pressure (JMA)



#### Traceability of Precipitation (JMA)



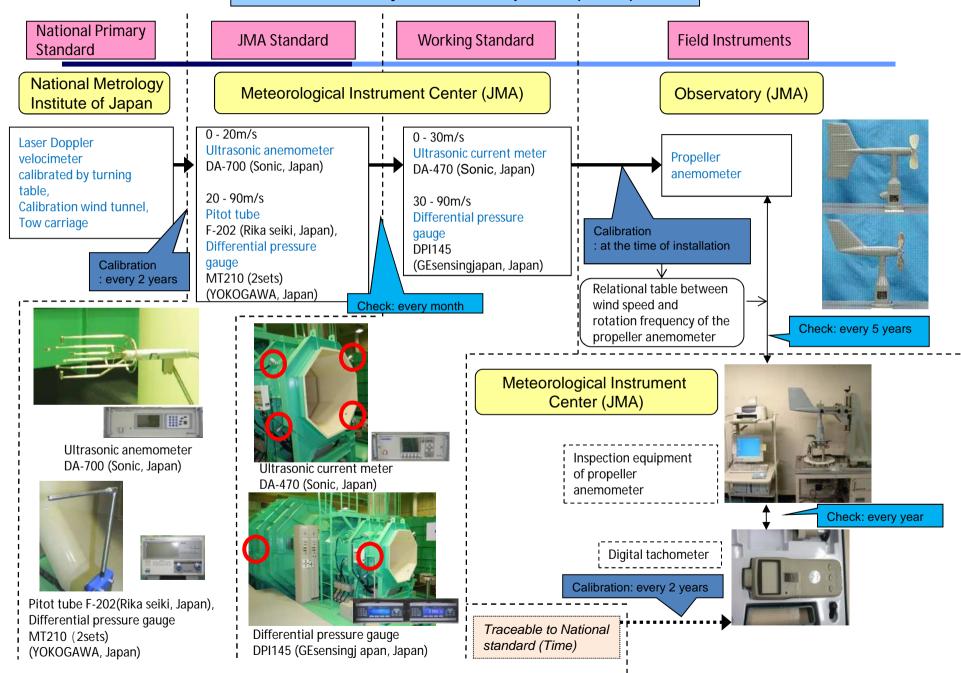
#### Traceability of Solar Radiation (JMA)

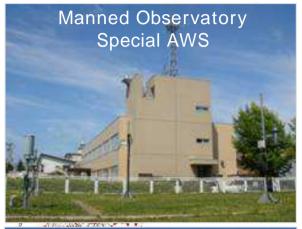


#### Traceability of Sunshine Duration (JMA)

National Primary JMA Standard Working Standard Field Instruments Standard **Atmospheric Environment** Meteorological Instrument Center (JMA) Observatory (JMA) Division (JMA) Absolute radiometer Sunshine recorder Sunshine recorder Pyrheliometer (WMO RAII Standard) (National Primary Standard) Rotating mirror Rotating mirror sunshine recorder sunshine recorder MS-093A, MS-094 MS-093A, MS-094 (EKO, Japan) (EKO, Japan) CH-1 (Kipp & Zonen, Netherlands) PMO-6 A-HF Calibration Calibration Calibration: every 5 years : every 3 years every 3 years

#### Traceability of Wind Speed (JMA)





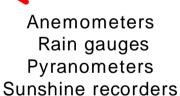
at MIC: Every 5 years.

Overhaul and Inspection/calibration





#### Instruments





MIC inspects about 1,600 units

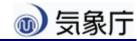
of instrument per year.

Meteorological Instrument Center (Tsukuba)

#### Maintenance at field site

Manned Observatory, Special AWS: Every 3 months

AWS: Once or twice in a year



- Overhaul and inspection / calibration of field instruments at MIC
- Overhaul
- Replacement of deteriorated / damaged parts
- Adjustment





# Inspection/calibration: every 5 years

Anemometers
Rain gauges
Pyranometers
Sunshine recorders







- Inspection / calibration
- Checking:
   whether the instrumental error concerned
   is within a specified range or not
   in comparison with standard instruments.



Standard instruments for rain gauges



Overhaul and inspection / calibration of field instruments at MIC

Overhaul and inspection for rain gauge

- Replacement of deteriorated / damaged parts
- Adjustment

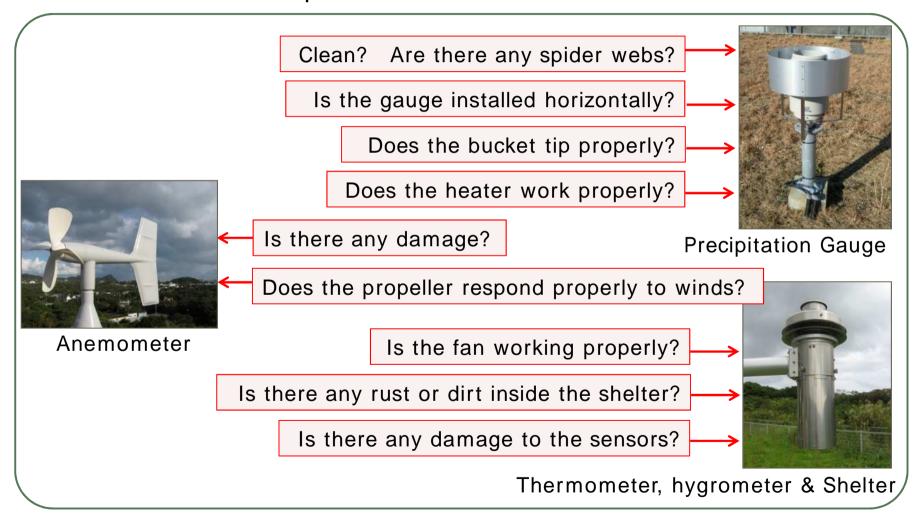


Inspection





- Site inspection / calibration of field instruments
- Maintenance and inspection at field site



JMA regularly maintains AWS in order to keep the quality of observation data.

Site inspection / calibration of field instruments

Site inspection for thermometer / hygrometer (Manned observatory & Special AWS)



Platinum resistance thermometer / Electronic hygrometer



Check (Every 3 months)

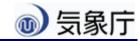


Aspirated psychrometer Assmann type (JMA uses)



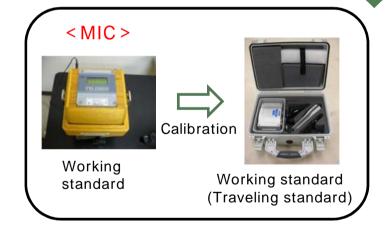


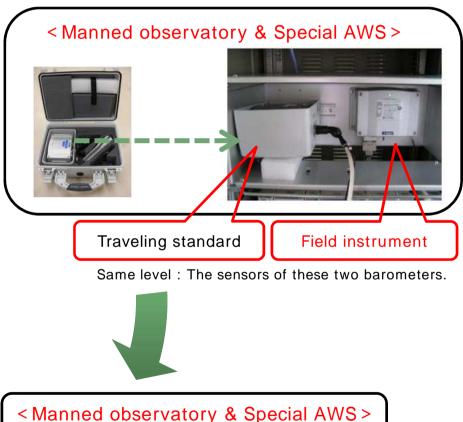
Platinum resistance thermometer (psychrometer)



- Site inspection / calibration of field instruments
- Site calibration for barometer (Manned observatory & Special AWS)

 Calibration by comparing with traveling standard at field site every year or every 2 years.





# Summary

- JMA keeps the traceability of meteorological instruments.
  - Calibration of standards at MIC.
  - Calibration of field instruments at MIC (before installing).
- JMA maintains the field instruments.
  - Overhaul and calibration / inspection at MIC every 5 years.
  - Site inspection / calibration with traveling standard.
- It is important that NMHSs keep the traceability of meteorological instruments and maintain the field instruments to assure the quality of observation data.

# Thank you for your attention!

