Overview of Meteorological Instruments Center (MIC)



Toshihiko Kobyshi 29 July 2010

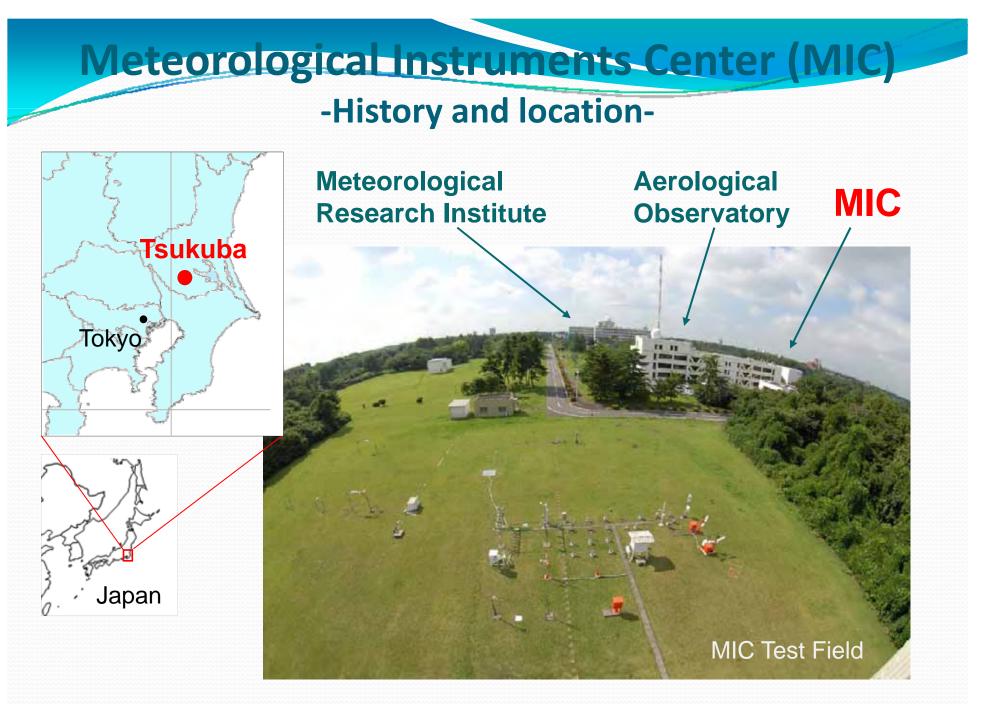
CONTENT

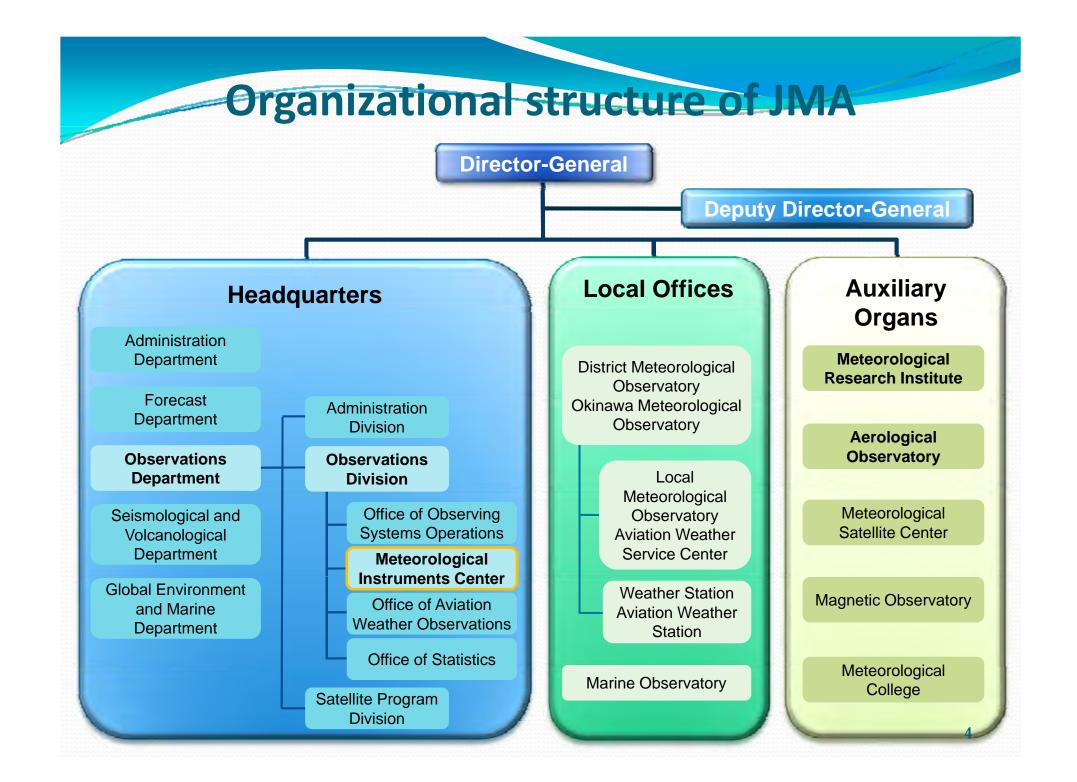
- 1. INTRODUCTION
- 2. ORGANIZATION
- 3. SERVICES

(1)Quality assurance of meteorological instruments

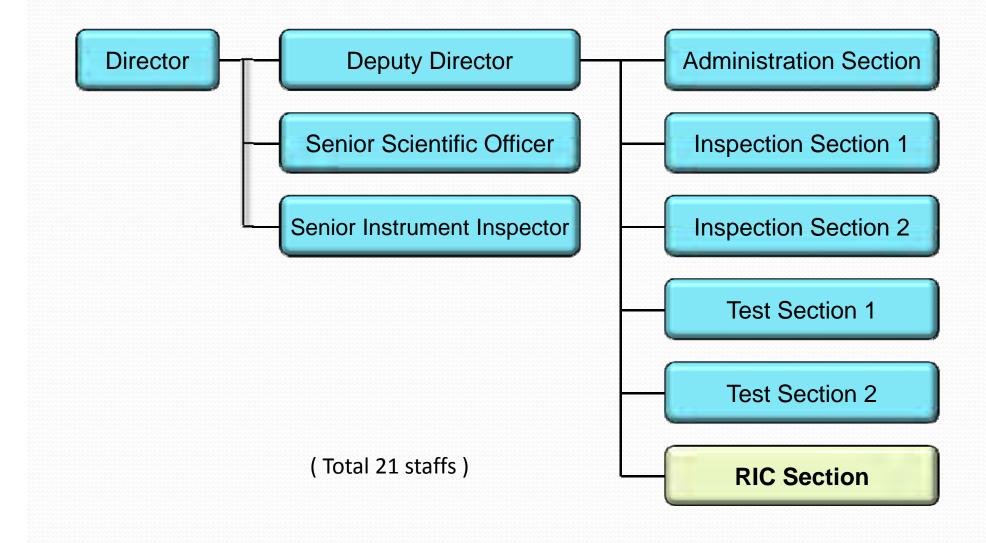
(2)Research and development

(3)Activities of RIC Tsukuba





Organizational structure of MIC



Quality assurance of meteorological instruments

To inspect meteorological equipments to maintain high-precision meteorological observations in Japan, and to maintain meteorological standard instruments and their traceability.

Research and development

To research and develop meteorological instruments, and to research site environment and methods of observation

Activities of RIC Tsukuba

To assist Members of the Region II through calibration and comparison with meteorological instruments, and to support to train instrument specialists as Regional Instrument Center (RIC) in Asia.

Quality assurance of meteorological instruments

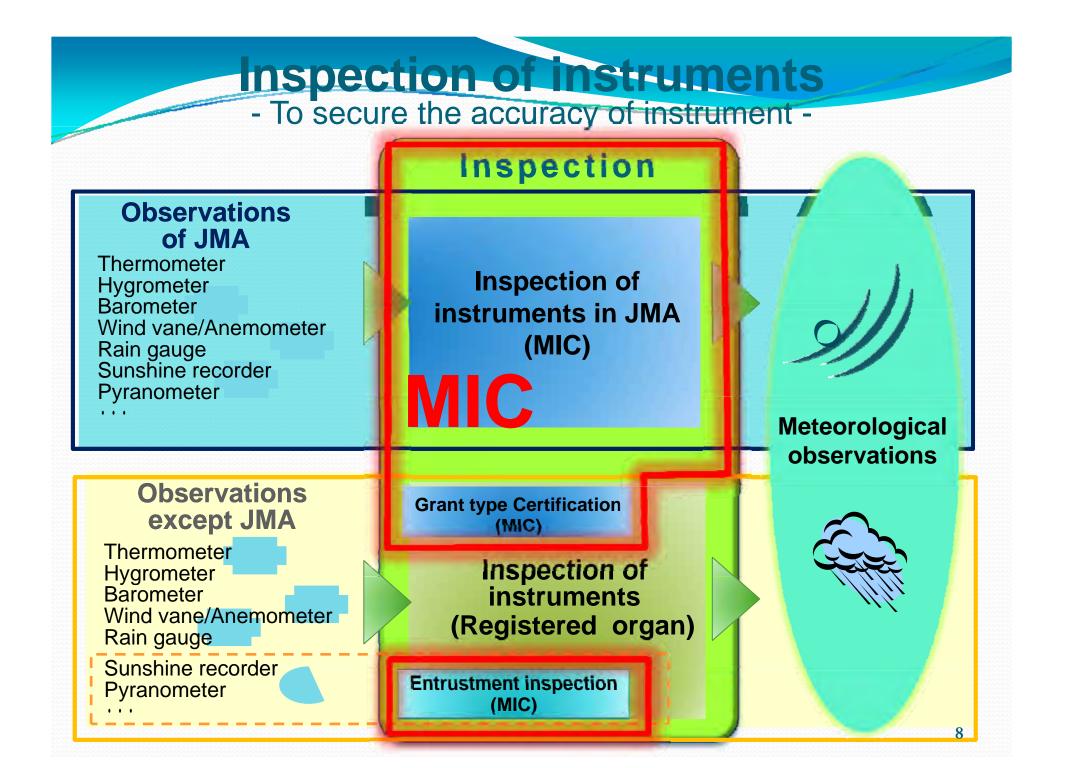
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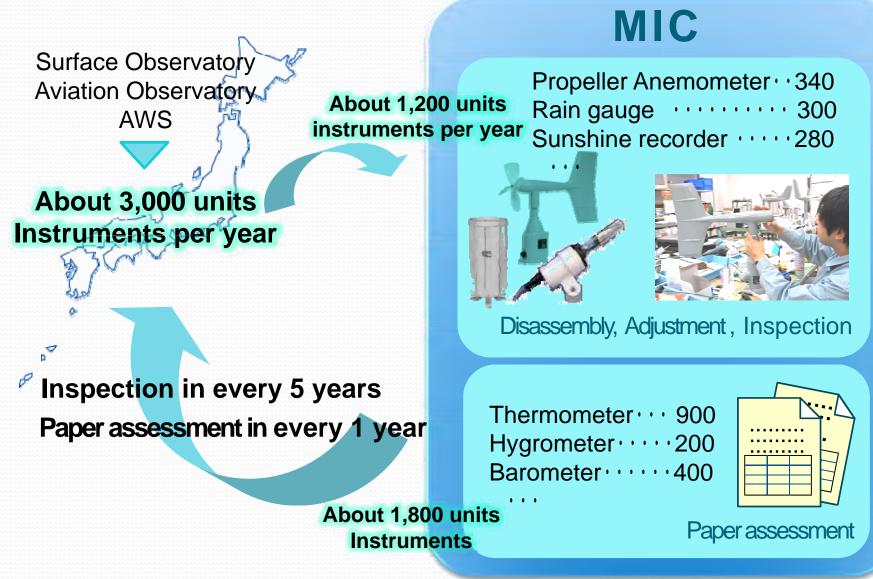
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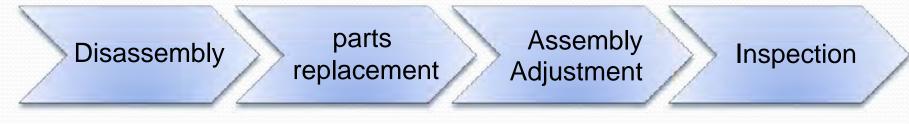


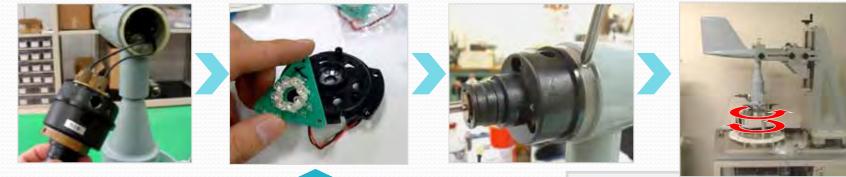
Maintenance and inspection of instruments



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Maintenance and inspection of Propeller Anemometer

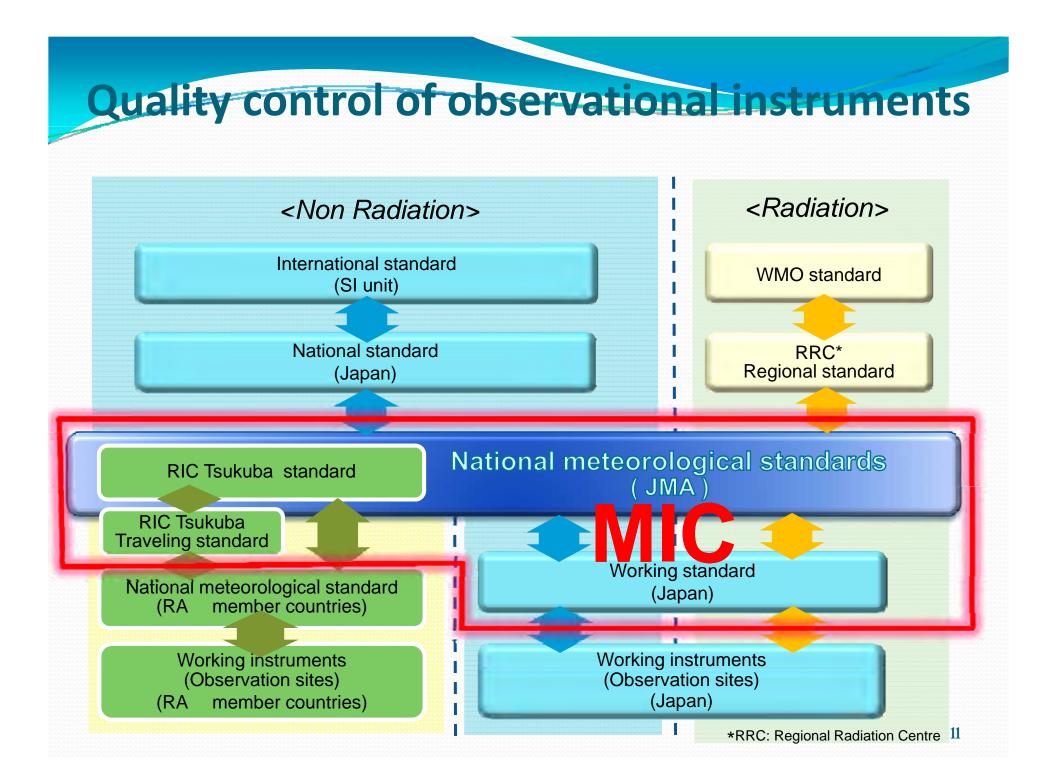






Propeller Anemometer (FF-12A)

parts



Calibration equipments

- Standard instruments of JMA -



Standard thermometer

Platinum resistance thermometer sensor and alternating current bridge



Standard hygrometer

Dew point meter (electronic cooling type) and platinum resistance thermometer



Standard barometer

Air piston gauge type

Other Standard

Ultrasonic anemometer, Pitot tube, Differential pressure gauge and Wind tunnel, Pyranometer, Burette (Precipitation)

Calibration equipments

- Traveling standard instruments of RIC Tsukuba -

Standard thermometer



Platinum resistance thermometer TS81A(CHINO, Japan)

Alternating current bridge F-250 (ASL, UK)

Standard Humidity



Hygrometer (sensor) D2 (General Eastern , USA)

Hygrometer (controller) Hygro M2(General Eastern, USA)

Standard Pressure



Digital barometer PTB220(Vaisala,Finland)

Calibration chambers

Chambers for calibrate thermometers



Liquid bath type Range: - 85 ~ +50



Air chamber type Range: -40 ~ +50

Chambers for calibrate hygrometers



Wet and dry air mixing type Range: 15 ~ 95%RH



Wet and dry air mixing type Range: 10 ~ 95%RH, -10 ~ +50

Chambers for calibrate barometers



Range: 4 ~ 1050 hPa

Quality control of observational instruments To inspect meteorological equipments to maintain high-precision meteorological observations in Japan, and to maintain meteorological standard instruments and their traceability.

Research and development

To research and develop meteorological instruments, and to research site environment and method of observation

Activities of RIC Tsukuba

To assist Members of the region II through calibration and comparison with meteorological instruments, as Regional Instrument Centre (RIC) in Asia.

Research and development

For implementation of most suitable observation

- Research and development on meteorological instruments
- Research on site environment and methods of observation

Summary of activities in recent years

2008 : Test of piezo-resistive barometers

: Development of visibility presumption method using video images at airport

- 2009 : Test of capacitive hygrometer with warmed probe
 : Intercomparison of thermometer screens/shields
 (At TECO-2010, we will announce the poster session)
- 2010 : Investigation of environmental influence on the quality of meteorological measurement

: Research for instruments of the next generation system on surface measurement.

Examples of research and development



Test of capacitive hygrometer with warmed probe(2009)



Development of visibility presumption method using video images at airport (2008-2009)

Quality control of observational instruments

To inspect meteorological equipments to maintain high-precision meteorological observations in Japan, and to maintain meteorological standard instruments and their traceability.

Research and development

To research and develop meteorological instruments, and to research site environment and method of observation

Activities of RIC Tsukuba

To assist Members of the region II through calibration and comparison with meteorological instruments, and to support to train instrument specialists as Regional Instrument Centre (RIC) in Asia.

Activities of RIC Tsukuba

- History and main activities -

1996 : Japan and China were designated as RICs of RAII at the 11th session of RAII

- 1997 : Questionnaire on the meteorological instrument in RAII
- 1998 : RIC Tsukuba held the training workshops cooperating with WMO
- 1998,2002: Exchanging the information on activities of RIC Tsukuba and RIC Beijing(at Japan)
- 2007 : Calibration of RAII member's standard instruments · Thailand, barometer and thermometer · Hong Kong, China, barometer
- 2009 : Attendance at the ET-RIC(WMO, CIMO) meeting :Visit RIC-France(one of the most advanced and active RICs)
- 2010 : Calibration trial using RIC Tsukuba's travelling pressure standard in cooperation with Thai Meteorological Department(TMD) Mutual visits between RIC Tsukuba and RIC Beijing

Activities of RIC Tsukuba

- Support for instrument specialists -

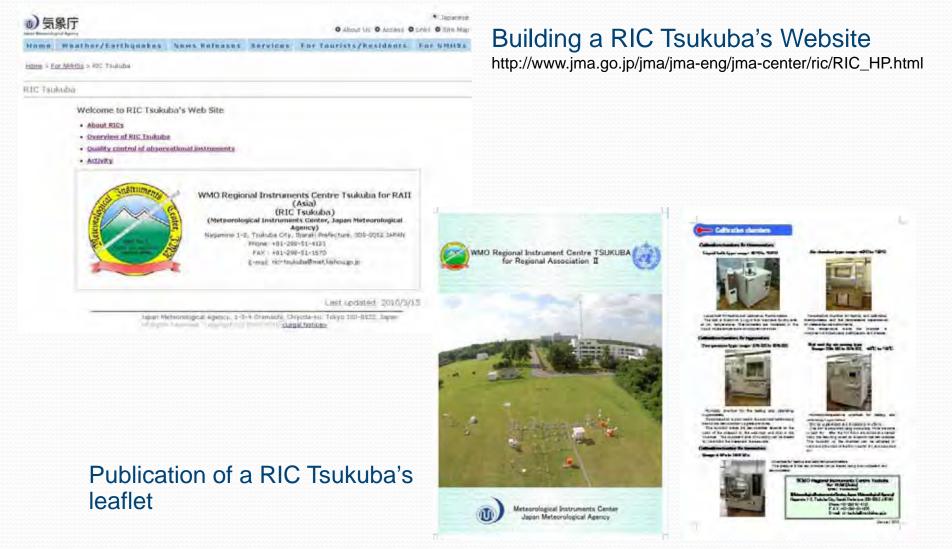
- WMO and RIC Tsukuba held the training workshop in Nov. 1998.
- 16 Members in RAII participated in the workshop





Activities of RIC Tsukuba

- RIC-Tsukuba's website and leaflet -



A questionnaire to RAII Members - Future Plan -

- Survey both the present state of operational instrumentation and the training requirements on instrumentation
- RIC Tsukuba have plan to implement a questionnaire to RAII members in cooperating with RIC Beijing as early as possible in this year.
- Results of this survey will be used for the consideration of future activities of RIC Tsukuba and RIC Beijing and be shared among all RAII Members
- We wish this survey will prove helpful for us to assist RAII Members to improve the quality of meteorological instrument and to have well trained experts

Thank you for your attention